



Have Your Say - New Ways to Citizenship Literacy for Adults

EU Power Tower

Build a wood tower and learn about the structure, functioning and values of the EU.

Educational Game for 3-16 players

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Quiz cards

Print, cut, and mark the cards on the back side with the colours you find in the colour reference table included in the downloadable materials.

You may also want to laminate the cards.

www.haveyoursay-erasmus.eu

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Where can you visit this monument?



- A) Athens B) Budapest C) Zagreb D) Madrid

Where can you visit this monument?



- A) Venice B) Barcelona,
C) Helsinki D) Amsterdam

Which country is shaded in red?



- A) Poland B) Germany C) France D) Spain

Which country is shaded in red?



- A) Poland B) Germany C) France, D) Spain

Which of these cities is not home to an EU institution or agency?



- A) Geneve
- B) The Hague
- C) Luxembourg
- D) Alicante

Which are the two closest EU capitals in terms of distance?

- A) Bratislava-Vienna
- B) Helsinki-Tallin
- C) Riga-Vilnius
- D) Brussels-Luxembourg

What is the capital of Germany?



- A) München, B) Berlin,
- C) Hamburg D) Frankfurt

Where was the photo taken??



- A) Austria B) Belgium
- C) The Netherlands D) Italy

The capital of Iceland is...



- A) Copenhagen B) Bern
C) Reykjavik D) Vienna

Which country's flag is this?



- A) Finland B) Greece
C) Iceland D) Russia

Which country's flag is this?



- A) Spain B) Hungary
C) Portugal D) Bulgaria

Which of these languages is the most commonly spoken first language in Europe?



- A) English B) French C) Italian D) German

Which is the correct sequence of countries the Danube flows through from its origin?



- A) Switzerland, Germany, Austria, Slovakia, Hungary, Serbia, Bulgaria, Turkey
- B) Germany, Austria, Czech Republic, Hungary, Serbia, Kosovo, North Macedonia, Bulgaria
- C) Germany, Austria, Slovenia, Croatia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Serbia, Bulgaria
- D) Germany, Austria, Slovakia, Hungary, Croatia, Serbia, Bulgaria, Romania, Moldova, Ukraine

How many members does the European Parliament have?



- A) 75 B) 705 C) 751 D) 571

How many stars are there in the EU flag?



- A) 6 B) 12 C) 24 D) 23

What is the EU's Anthem?



- A) Beethoven: Für Elise,
- B) Ravel: Bolero
- C) Mozart: A little night music,
- D) Beethoven: Ode to Joy

What is the EU's Motto?



- A) All for one and one for all
- B) Liberty, Equality and Fraternity
- C) United in Diversity
- D) Make love not war

Which non-EU country is part of the Schengen Agreement on border-free travel?



- A) Israel
- B) Turkey
- C) Ukraine
- D) Norway

Activity



Describe: Refugee Camp

Activity



Describe: Asylum Seeker

Activity



Describe: Human dignity

Activity



Describe: Discrimination

Activity



Describe: Equal Opportunity

Activity



Describe: Diversity

Activity



Describe: Freedom of Movement

Activity



Discuss:
What does Brexit mean?

Activity



Discuss:
Why does someone leave their homeland?

Activity



Discuss:
What is common market?

Activity



Discuss:
All human being are free and equal!

Activity



Discuss:
Where would you travel? Name 3
countries in the EU

Following the two devastating world wars in the 20th century that killed millions of people, several European countries decided to work together to ensure that there would be no more bloodshed.

Who were these founding members of the EU?

- A) Belgium, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands and Spain.
- B) Belgium, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg and the Netherlands.
- C) Belgium, France, Germany, Luxembourg, the Netherlands and Denmark.

The founding countries decided to share control of their coal and steel industries so that they could not secretly arm themselves against each other. After this, they set about expanding cooperation to other economic sectors.

What was the organisation they created in 1957 called?

- A) The European Economic Community.
- B) The European Coal and Steel Community.
- C) The European Economic and Social Committee.

Soon after the Second World War, Europe was split into east and west. The Berlin Wall, which separated East and West Berlin for almost three decades, was a symbol of this division until its fall in 1989. Which of these statements is true?

- A) Resistance against communist rule in central and eastern Europe led to the fall of the Berlin Wall.
- B) The reunification of Germany in 1990 brought West Germany into the European Union.
- C) Germany beat Argentina 1-0 in the 1990 football World Cup.

The first enlargement of the EU in 1973 brought its membership to nine. Which were these three new countries?

- A) Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom.
- B) Norway, Denmark and Ireland.
- C) The United Kingdom, Greenland and Denmark.

In the 1970s, three European countries, previously ruled by dictatorships, became democracies and became eligible to apply for EU membership. Which of these statements is true?

- A) Greece, Spain and Portugal all became members in 1986.
- B) Greece became a member in 1981. Spain and Portugal followed in 1986.
- C) Greece and Spain joined in 1981 and Portugal followed in 1986.

The fall of the Berlin Wall cleared the way for central and eastern European countries that were previously controlled by the former Soviet Union to reform their systems and join the EU. Which of these statements is true?

- A) Ten central and eastern European countries joined the EU on 1 May 2004, bringing EU membership to 25.
- B) Eight countries from central and eastern Europe and two Mediterranean islands joined the EU in May 2004.
- C) Ten countries including Bulgaria, Hungary, Poland and Romania joined the EU on 1 May 2004.

Although there may sometimes be disagreements between EU countries, the basic principles behind the EU have remained unchanged for more than six decades. In 2012, the European Union was recognised for its work in uniting the continent.

Which award did it receive?

- A) The Charlemagne Prize
- B) The Sakharov Prize
- C) The Nobel Peace Prize

Every year the EU celebrates its birthday on 9 May.

What is the name of the man who, on 9 May 1950, put forward the plan considered to be the beginning of what is now the European Union?

- A) Alcide De Gasperi.
- B) Robert Schuman.
- C) Konrad Adenauer

The EU treaties govern how decisions are made and in which areas the EU acts jointly. In which European city was the latest treaty signed?

- A) Rome
- B) Amsterdam
- C) Lisbon



Euro banknotes and coins were introduced in 2002 and are now used in 19 EU countries. The coins have a common side, showing a map of Europe, but each country has its own design on the other side. Which country does this coin come from?

- A) Lithuania
- B) Latvia
- C) Luxembourg



Which country is shaped like a boot?

- A) Greece
- B) Romania
- C) Italy
- D) Slovakia



Which EU country has the highest number of land borders with neighbouring states?

- A) Germany
- B) Slovenia
- C) Finland
- D) Lithuania

How often are EU elections held?

- A) Every 4 years
- B) Every 5 years
- C) Every 6 years
- D) MEPs are appointed for life

How many people are estimated to live in the EU?

- A) 942 million
- B) 705 million
- C) 513 million
- D) 446 million

Which of the following non-EU countries uses the Euro as an official currency?

- A) Andorra
- B) Monaco
- C) Vatican City
- D) All



Who proposes EU laws?

- A) Members of the European Parliament
- B) European Commission
- C) Member States
- D) The Court of Justice of the EU

Why is Europe Day celebrated on 9th May?



- A) It is the anniversary of the Schuman Declaration
- B) It is the anniversary of the end of the Second World War
- C) The introduction of the Euro in 2001
- D) The signing of the Maastricht Treaty in 1992

Which country never signed the Schengen Agreements?



- A) Iceland
- B) Switzerland
- C) Ireland
- D) Hungary

What do you see on the picture?



What do you see on the picture?



What do you see on the picture?



- A) Logo of the United Nations
- B) Logo of UNICEF
- C) Logo of the European Parliament
- D) Logo of NATO

Who do you see on the picture?



- A) Ursula von der Leyen
- B) Lady Diana
- C) Angela Merkel
- D) Kaja Kallas

Which country has left the EU in 2020?

- A) Denmark
- B) Sweden
- C) Croatia
- D) Great-Britain



Activity



Discuss:
What does antidemocratic mean?

The Erasmus+ programme ...

- A) ...helps young people to study in their own country
- B) ...is only for university students and does not include other ways of learning
- C) ...provides opportunities for partnerships amongst schools and organisations from other countries

Which EU body did we think on? It decides on the EU's overall direction and political priorities – but does not pass laws. Members are: Heads of state or government of EU countries, European Council President, European Commission President

- A) Council of the European Union
- B) European Council
- C) European Commission
- D) European Parliament

